#### **First Year** Semester 1 Introduction to Communication Studies BSLT. 1101 BSLT. 1102 Language skill Development: Bangla and English Language Acquisition and Cognitive Development BSLT. 1103 BSLT. 1104 Linguistics for Clinicians: Articulatory and Acoustics Phonetics Semester 2 BSLT. 1205 **Human Communication and Disorders** BSLT. 1206 Anatomy and Physiology of Speech and Language BSLT. 1207 Linguistics for Clinicians: Phonology and Morphology BSLT. 1208 Psychology: Abnormal and Counseling Psychology **Second Year** Semester 3 BSLT. 2301 Introduction to Nonverbal Communication BSLT. 2302 Neurology of Language and Communication BSLT. 2303 Linguistics for Clinicians: Syntax, Semantics and Pragmatics BSLT. 2304 Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Semester 4 BSLT. 2405 Sign Language Psycholinguistics, Neurolinguistics and Clinical Linguistics BSLT. 2406 BSLT. 2407 **Bangladesh Studies** BSLT. 2408 Audiology-1: Hearing Science and Psychoacoustics BSLT. 2409 First Comprehension (theoretical aspects) **Third Year** Semester 5 BSLT. 3501 Statistics and Research Methods BSLT. 3502 Developmental and Child Language Disorders BSLT. 3503 Audiology-2: Hearing Disorders and Aural Rehabilitation BSLT. 3504 Clinical Practicum-1: Pediatrics and Audiology Semester 6 Diagnostic Methods: Speech and Language Therapy BSLT. 3605 BSLT. 3606 **Neurogenic Communication Disorders** BSLT. 3607 Clinical Phonetics and Motor Speech Disorders BSLT. 3608 Clinical Practicum-2: Neurology **Fourth Year** Semester 7 BSLT. 4701 Alternative and Augmentative Communication BSLT. 4702 Stuttering and Other Fluency Disorders BSLT. 4703 Voice Disorders and Dysphagia BSLT. 4704 Clinical Practicum-3: Vocology

Semester 8

Professional Development: Therapy and Treatment

Second Comprehensive (clinical aspects)

And (Oral Examination)

Medical Speech-Language Pathology (Theory + Practical)

## **Non-credit Course**

BSLT. 4805

BSLT. 4806

BSLT. 4807

BSLT. 0001 A Modern Language

#### **16.9 Course Number and Title**

BSLT. 2301: Introduction to Nonverbal Communication (অবাচনিক সংজ্ঞাপনের ভূমিকা)

16.9.1 Credit Hours: 04

### **16.9.2 Course Description**

This course is introduced to provide the students basic characteristics, theories and methods of nonverbal communication. In this course students, will learn the relevance and importance of nonverbal communication, and the techniques and methods used in nonverbal communication.

### **16.9.3 Course Objectives**

After completing this course students will be able to-

- a. identify different types of nonverbal communication.
- b. explain relevant theories and methods of nonverbal communication.
- c. relate nonverbal communication to the topics of speech and language therapy.

#### **16.9.4 Course Content**

Nonverbal communication: definition, goal, characteristics, scope

Verbal and nonverbal communication

History of nonverbal communication

Different forms of nonverbal communication: gesture, posture, gaze, eye contact, proximics, chronemics and kinesics

Semiotics and nonverbal communication

Sociolinguistics of nonverbal communication

Nonverbal communication and communication disorders: health care and clinical perspectives

#### 16.9.5 References

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Argyle, M. (1988). *Bodily Communication*. Madison: International Universities Press

Arif, H. (2013). BEE hand gesture reflecting Bengali culture. Southern Semiotic Review. Issue 1, 91-107

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Efron, D. (1941). Gesture and Environment. New York: King's Crown Press

Esposito, A., Bratanić, M., Keller, E & Marinaro, M. (eds.). (2007). Fundamentals of Verbal and Nonverbal Communication and the Biometric Issue. Amsterdam, IOS Press

Fast, J. (1970). Body Language. New York: M. Evans

Hall, E.T. (1959). The Silent Language. Garden City, NY: Doubleday

Knapp, M.L. (1972). Nonverbal Communication in Human Interaction. New York: Holt, Rinehart & Winston

McNeill, D. (1992). Hand and Mind: what gesture reveal about thought. Chicago: Chicago University Press

Muller, C. & Posner. R. (1998). *The Semantics and Pragmatics of everyday gestures*. Berlin: WEIDLER Buchverlag

Poggi, I. (2007). Mind, Hands, Face and Body. Berlin: WEIDLER Buchverlag

Riggio, R.E. & Feldman, R.S. (eds.).(2005). *Application of Nonverbal Communication*. Mahwah, New Jersey and London: LAWRENCE ERLBAUM ASSOCIATES, PUBLISHERS

আরিফ, হাকিম (২০১৫)। বাংলা অবাচনিক যোগাযোগ। ঢাকা: বাংলাদেশ বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় মঞ্জুরী কমিশন

আরিফ , হাকিম (২০১৪)। বাঙালি ভাষিক-সংষ্কৃতিতে ব্যবহৃত স্থির সংজ্ঞাপনের একটি অবাচনিক পঠন ও রূপালেখ্য। *ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় পত্রিকা* , ৯১-৯৩ সংখ্যা , ১১৩-১৪০

### 16.10 Course Number and Title

BSLT. 2302: Neurology of Language and Communication (ভাষা ও সংজ্ঞাপনের শ্লায়ুতত্ত্ব)

## 16.10.1 Credit Hours: 04

# 16.10.2 Course Description

This course is intended to familiarize the students with neurological basis of language production and perception. In this course, students will learn the description of human brain with special reference to language production and reception mechanism.

## 16.10.3 Course Objectives

Upon completion the course students will be able to-

- a. explain the neurological basis of language production.
- b. identify specific regions of the brain involved in producing and perceiving language.
- c. describe theories and methods relevant to speech and language process.

### 16.10.4 Course Content

Neurology: basic concept

Neurology and language: introduction History of neurology of language Nervous system: Overview

Central Nervous System: general description

The meninges and Cerebrospinal Fluid

The midbrain, pons, medulla, and reticular formation Cerebral lobes, cerebral cortex, and Brodmann's areas

The cerebellum

Peripheral and autonomic nervous systems

The cranial nerves

Handedness, language and brain

## 16.10.5 References

Banich, M.T. & Mack, M. (eds.). (2011). *Mind, Brain and Language Multidisciplinary Perspectives*. London and New Jersey: LAWRENCE ERLBAUM ASSOCIATES, PUBLISHERS

Bhatnagar, S.C. (2013). *Neuroscience: For the study of communicative disorders*. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

Connor, L.T. & Obler, L.K. (eds.). (2002). *Neurobehavior of Language and Cognition Studies of Normal Aging and Brain Damage*. New York: KLUWER ACADEMIC PUBLISHERS

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DEVINSKY, O. & D'ESPOSITO, M. (2004), Neurology of Cognitive and Behavioral Disorders. Oxford University Press

Goldberg, T.E. & Weinberger, D.R. (eds.). (2009). *The Genetics of Cognitive Neuroscience*. Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press

Mesulam, M.M. (2000). *Principles of Behavioral and Cognitive Neurology*. Oxford University Press Mildnre, V. (ed.). (2008). *The Cognitive Neuroscience of Human Communication*. New York and London: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates

Schnupp, J., Nelken, I. & King, A. (2011). *Auditory Neuroscience*. Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press Semrud-Clikeman, M., Anne, P. & Ellison, T. (2007). *Child Neuropsychology*. New York: Springer

Webb, W. & Adler, R.K. (2007). *Neurology for the Speech-language Pathologist*. Stoneham, MA: Butterworth-Heinemann

WHITAKER, H.A. (ed.).(2010). Concise Encyclopedia of Brain and Language. Oxford: Elsevier Ltd

#### 16.11 Course Number and Title

BSLT. 2303: Linguistics for Clinicians: Syntax, Semantics and Pragmatics (চিকিৎসকের জন্য ভাষাবিজ্ঞান: বাক্যতত্ত্ব, বাগর্থবিজ্ঞান ও প্রয়োগার্থবিজ্ঞান)

16.11.1 Credit Hours: 04

## 16.11.2 Course Description

This course is introduced to familiarize the students with syntactic patterns, the concept of its meaning as well as word categories people use in their daily linguistic activities. In this course, they will learn how a sentence is organized with different syntactic constituents, meaning is expressed, and same words get different meanings in different communicative contexts.

## 16.11.3 Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to-

- a. figure out various features of syntactic constituents, the meaning of lexical categories and their contextual usages.
- b. clarify the structure of a sentence, and meaning of its categories and context.
- c. interpret relevant theories and methods of syntax, semantics and pragmatics.

#### 16.11.4 Course Content

1. Syntax 40

Syntax: definition, goal and scope Traditional Grammar and sentence

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Structural Syntax

Transformational Generative Grammar

Analyzing Bengali Subject-Verb-Agreement, Word order, Noun Phrase, Verb Phrase,

**Prepositional Phrase** 

Language disorders and syntactic anamolies

2. Semantics 30

Semantics: definition, goal and scope

Basic concepts: utterance and sentence, sense and reference, denotation and

connotation, syntagmatic vs. paradigmatic

Semantics of words: antonyms, synonyms, homonyms, hyponyms, polysemy

Meaning and ambiguity analysis

Semantics acquisition: process, phases and duration

Analyzing semantics of Bengali sentences

Semantic problems and speech-language disorders

3. Pragmatics 30

Pragmatics: definition, goal and scope

Semantics vs. pragmatics

Speech acts: concepts, history and forms

Implicature: Gricean maximums and other perspectives

Presuppositions: concept, types and scope

Metaphor

Discourse and conversation

The scope of pragmatic disability

Clinical pragmatics and assessment of adult language disorders

The pragmatics of pediatric language intervention

# 16.11.5 References

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#### 16.12 Course Number and Title

BSLT. 2304: Information and Communication Technology (ICT) (তথ্য ও যোগাযোগ প্রযুক্তি)

### 16.12.1 Credit Hours: 04

#### 16.12.2 Course Description

This course is intended to familiarize the students with fundamentals of communication technology and its application to the communication disorders. In this course, students will learn theory, information and methods of computer, and how it is effectively used in the discipline communication disorders.

### 16.12.3 Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to-

- b. narrate theories and concepts of information and communication technology;
- c. acquaint with computer programming and applications relevant to speech and language therapy;
- d. apply basic skills to develop apps for the betterment of people with speech and language disorders.

### 16.12.4. Course Content

a. Theory 50

Introduction to Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

Organization of computer: components of system unit, input, output, storage, information and logic, data structure, algorithms, operating systems, operating systems and utility program, application software

Programming: Preliminary concept, object oriented program

ICT and communication disorders

b. Practical 50

Practicing operating system and application packages:

MS-Windows, MS-Words, MS-Excel, MS-PowerPoint

Practicing software designed for people with speech-language disorders

## 16.12.5 References

Clarke, M. & Reeves, S. (2003). *Logic for Computer Science*. Department of Computer Science, University of London & University of Waikato

ITL Education Solutions Limited. (2006). *Introduction to Information Technology*. India: 1/e, Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd

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